



**Realm** Strategic Income Fund  
– Enduring Units

Product Disclosure Statement

16 June 2026

**Investment Manager:**

Realm Investment Management Pty Ltd  
ACN 158 876 807 | CAR 424 705

**Responsible Entity:**

One Managed Investment Funds Limited  
ABN 47 117 400 987 | AFSL 297042

**REALM STRATEGIC INCOME FUND**

ARSN 624 861 589  
APIR Code: OMF5868AU

# Important information and disclaimer

## Important information requiring your attention

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This Product Disclosure Statement (**PDS**) is dated 16 June 2026 and offers investors the opportunity to acquire **Enduring Units**.

Note that in a formal sense this class is available through a managed investment scheme which is formally called Realm Strategic Income Fund ARSN 624 861 589 (the **Fund**), which has other classes (with different rights and investment exposures) on issue.

It is important that you read this document carefully and in its entirety prior to making your investment decision. In particular you should pay careful consideration to the risk factors outlined in Section 3 and the tax implications in Section 6 of this PDS as they relate to your personal investment objectives, financial circumstances and needs. The potential tax effects of an investment in Enduring Units will vary between investors. Other risk factors may exist in addition to those identified in this document which should also be considered in light of your personal circumstances. If you have any queries or uncertainties relating to aspects of this document or an investment in Enduring Units, please consult your adviser before deciding whether to invest.

## Issuer

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One Managed Investment Funds Limited ABN 47 117 400 987 AFSL 297042 of Level 16, Governor Macquarie Tower, 1 Farrer Place, Sydney NSW 2000 (**Responsible Entity** or **we**) is the issuer of this PDS.

## Investment manager

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Realm Investment Management Pty Ltd ACN 158 876 807 CAR 424 705 of AFSL 421336 of Level 3, 30 Collins Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000 (**Investment Manager** or **Realm**) is the investment manager appointed to manage the Fund.

## Offer

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The offer made in this PDS is only available to persons receiving this PDS in Australia, electronically or otherwise. It is not an offer to issue, or a solicitation of an offer to issue, any Units in any place where it is unlawful to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation.

If you receive this PDS in electronic form, you may obtain a paper copy (including the Application Form) free of charge from your financial adviser, the Responsible Entity or the Investment Manager.

Other than the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager, no person has caused or authorised the issue of this PDS nor does any of them take any responsibility for the preparation of this PDS or the establishment or performance of the Fund.

## Electronic copy of PDS

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If an electronic copy of this PDS is printed, all pages must be printed. If this PDS is made available to another person, they must be provided with the entire electronic file or printout, including the Application Form. A paper copy of this PDS (and any supplementary documents) may be obtained free of charge on request from your financial adviser, the Responsible Entity or the Investment Manager.

## Updated information

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Information in this PDS may be updated from time to time. Updated information will be provided on the Responsible Entity's website [www.oneinvestment.com.au](http://www.oneinvestment.com.au). Investors are encouraged to visit the site regularly for this purpose.

A paper copy of the updated information will also be available, free of charge, upon request from the Responsible Entity or Investment Manager. Where updated information about the Fund is materially adverse to investors, the Responsible Entity may take a number of actions which include issuing a new or supplementary product disclosure statement. If the change relates to an increase in fees and costs charged, at least 30 days' notice will be given to you.

## No personal advice or guarantee as to performance

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None of the Responsible Entity, the Investment Manager or any of their related bodies corporate, affiliates, associates or officers of any of the aforementioned entities makes any recommendation as to the suitability of an investment in the Fund for any investor or makes any representation or gives any assurance as to the performance of the Fund or any particular rate of return. Nor do they guarantee the repayment of capital from the Fund. Your investment is subject to investment risk, including possible delays in repayment and loss of income and principal invested, and no party involved in the Fund in any way stands behind the capital value and/or performance of the Fund. No representation is made with respect to the taxation consequences of an investment in the Fund.

You should seek your own financial, taxation and investment advice before investing in the Fund. Before making an investment decision on the basis of this PDS, you should consider, in conjunction with your financial adviser, whether an investment in the Fund is appropriate in view of your particular investment needs, objectives, financial and taxation circumstances. It is important that you read the entire PDS including the Section 3: Risks before making any decision to invest.

## Past performance and forward looking statements

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Any reference to past performance information provided in this PDS is given for illustrative purposes only and should not be relied upon as (and is not) an indication of future performance.

Certain 'forward-looking statements' are used in this PDS including statements using words like 'anticipate', 'believe', 'expect', 'project', 'forecast', 'estimate', 'likely', 'intend', 'should', 'could', 'may', 'target', 'predict', 'guidance', 'plan' and other similar expressions. Indications of, and guidance on, future earnings and financial position and performance are also forward-looking statements.

Preparation of these forward-looking statements was undertaken with due care and attention; however, forward-looking statements remain subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Responsible Entity and its officers, employees, agents and advisers. Consequently, these factors may impact on performance. Units you invest in resulting in actual performance being materially different to the performance indicated in the forward-looking statements. Some of the risk factors that impact on forward-looking statements in this PDS are set out in Section 3: Risks. No assurance can be provided that actual performance will mirror the guidance provided.

Other than as required by law, none of the Responsible Entity, its officers, employees or advisers or any other person gives any representation, assurance or guarantee that the occurrence of the events expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements in this PDS will actually occur. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on those statements.

The forward-looking statements in this PDS reflect the views held only immediately before the date of this PDS, unless otherwise stated. Subject to the Corporations Act and any other applicable law, each of the Responsible Entity, the Investment Manager, their respective officers, employees and advisers disclaims any duty to disseminate after the date of this PDS any updates or revisions to any such statements to reflect any change in expectations in relation to such statements or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

## Defined terms

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Capitalised terms used in this PDS have the meanings given to them in the text or the Glossary unless the context requires otherwise.

## Glossary

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A glossary of terms is provided in Section 8: Glossary of this PDS.

## Currency

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In this PDS, all amounts are expressed in Australian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

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# 1 Fund and units summary

TOPIC	Summary	Where do I go for further details?
<b>Responsible Entity</b>	One Managed Investment Funds Limited ABN 47 117 400 987, AFSL number 297042.	Section 2.2
<b>Fund</b>	Realm Strategic Income Fund ARSN 624 861 589	
<b>Investment Manager</b>	Realm Investment Management Pty Ltd ABN 69 158 876 807 CAR 424 705 of AFSL number 421336.	Section 2.2
<b>Class of units</b>	Enduring Units	Section 2.1
<b>Investment objective</b>	The investment objective in respect of the Class is to provide monthly income through investing primarily in a portfolio of debt securities, loans, trusts, notes and bank facilities. These funds will support the capital needs for the corporate, residential mortgage and asset-backed loans in these markets.	Section 2.3
<b>Target return</b>	The Investment Manager seeks to produce a return (net of fees) in respect of the Class that exceeds the total return of the RBA Overnight Cash Rate by 4.75% per annum.	Section 2.3
<b>Minimum initial investment</b>	\$5,000	Section 4.1
<b>Minimum additional investment</b>	\$1,000	Section 4.1
<b>Investment term</b>	There is no limit on the term you may invest in the Enduring Units for. Once invested in Enduring Units you will remain a Unit holder of Enduring Units until you elect to withdraw your investment in response to a Limited Withdrawal Offer or if your Units are subject to compulsory redemption.	Section 4.1
<b>Applications and withdrawals</b>	<p>Applications are processed monthly as of the last day of the month, and if received by 5.00pm Sydney time on the last Business Day of the month. We reserve the right to accept or reject applications for Enduring Units.</p> <p>Although the Enduring Units Class offers some potential withdrawal ability, the ability to withdraw is subject to Class liquidity, the number of other investors seeking to withdraw and when you applied to withdraw (compared to others seeking to withdraw).</p> <p>The Enduring Unit Class is entitled to receive and will keep any interest paid in respect of monies held from time to time in the trust accounts established for contributions, distributions and withdrawals. Interest generated by the Fund on application money will form part of the Class assets referable to the Enduring Units Class.</p>	Sections 4.1 and 4.3

TOPIC	Summary	Where do I go for further details?
<b>Unit pricing</b>	The Unit Price is calculated in accordance with the Constitution.	Section 4.5
<b>Buy/Sell spread</b>	A Buy-Sell Spread will normally be charged on applications and redemptions. The current Buy/Sell Spread is <b>+0.20%</b> /-nil%	Section 5.3
<b>Cooling off</b>	As an investment in Enduring Units is illiquid, you will not have any cooling off rights after you invest.	Section 4.2
<b>Risks</b>	Before investing in Enduring Units investors should consider carefully the risks associated with an investment in the Fund referred to in Section 3.	Section 3
<b>Management fees and expenses</b>	Total management costs of 0.99% per annum inclusive of the net effect of GST.  Fees are based on the net asset value of the assets referable to the Enduring Unit Class (excluding deductions for accrued management fees and certain expense recoveries).  Management fees and expense recoveries are paid monthly out of the assets referable to the Class following the end of each month. We will be entitled to be reimbursed out of the assets of the Class for Fund-related expenses, for example legal fees, taxation advice, audit fees and costs of members' meetings. It is anticipated that expense recoveries will amount to no more than 0.10% of the Gross Asset Value of the Fund per annum.	Section 5.1
<b>Distributions</b>	Generally distributions are paid monthly out of any net income available to be distributed in respect of the Class. Distributions will usually comprise income and realised capital gains (if any) but may also include a return of capital. Your distribution is generally calculated with reference to the number of Units you hold at the end of each distribution period.  Subject to the Fund's constitution, distributions (if any) will generally be paid within 14 Business Days after month end and generally within two months after 30 June.	Section 4.6
<b>Reinvestment of distributions</b>	The Enduring Unit Class will offer a distribution reinvestment plan.	Section 4.6
<b>Taxation considerations</b>	A tax summary for Australian investors is provided in this PDS.	Section 6
<b>Complaints</b>	The Responsible Entity has a complaints procedure.	Section 7.5

## 2 Fund structure and investment objectives and strategy

### 2.1 Fund structure and Enduring Units

The Fund is an Australian domiciled registered managed investment scheme which pools the money of individual investors. When you invest in the Fund you are issued with units in a particular class. The only class of Units on issue is the Enduring Units. Your application money, together with the application money of other investors who invest in the Enduring Unit Class are generally pooled together, and those funds are used to acquire assets consistently with the investment strategy which applies to the Class. Assets of each class of units in the Fund are segregated where practicable. The investment strategy for each unit class may vary.

The terms of investment of Enduring Units are set out in this PDS. The objectives and strategy of investment for the Enduring Units are set out in Sections 1, 2.3 and 2.4 of this PDS.

Your Units represent an undivided beneficial interest in the Fund's assets which are referable to the unit class in which you have invested (**Enduring Unit Class** or **Class**). Your investment is not a direct investment in specific Fund assets including those referable to the Class. The value of your investment changes as the market value of the assets referable to the Class rises or falls.

The Responsible Entity may issue units in the Fund in different classes provided the Responsible Entity establishes a separate sub-account for that particular class (**Sleeve**) which includes the following characteristics:

- separate Sleeves must be established for each class of units, and no more than one Sleeve may be referable to a particular class of units;
- Assets, liabilities, expenses, income and distributable amounts of the Fund referable to a particular class of units must be allocated to the appropriate Sleeve in a manner that is reasonable and is consistent with the Constitution;
- Application money referable to a particular class of units must be accounted for in the Sleeve referable to that class of units;
- Sleeves may be established pending the issue of units in a class, or the acquisition of assets for that class;
- any reallocation of assets and/or liabilities between Sleeves must be done on a fair and reasonable basis for holders of the class of units referable to those Sleeves.

A scheme is only liquid if 'liquid assets' account for 80% or more of the value of the scheme property. Assets are liquid if the Responsible Entity reasonably expects them to be able to be realised for market value within the time provided in the Constitution for satisfying withdrawal requests while the scheme is liquid. The Investment Manager has advised the Responsible Entity that the assets of the Fund will not satisfy this test and so Enduring Units will be illiquid.

## 2.2 The operation of the Fund

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### The Responsible Entity

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The Responsible Entity of the Fund is One Managed Investment Funds Limited (ACN 117 400 987) (AFSL 297042). One Managed Investment Funds Limited is part of the One Investment Group, an independent funds management business specialising in providing responsible entity, trustee, custody and administration services. As at the date of this PDS, One Investment Group is responsible for in excess of 450 funds and \$70bn in a wide range of underlying asset classes including infrastructure, real estate, equities, fixed income, private equity and fund of funds. One Investment Group is not a fund manager and has appointed the Investment Manager for this purpose.

The Responsible Entity is the issuer of this PDS and of Enduring Units. The Responsible Entity's role is to operate the Fund in accordance with the Constitution. In carrying out its role, the Responsible Entity must comply with the Corporations Act and must:

- act honestly and in the best interests of all unitholders;
- exercise due care and diligence;
- treat unitholders holding the same class equally and of different classes fairly; and
- give priority to the interests of unitholders in the event of a conflict between the interests of the Responsible Entity and those of unitholders.

### The Investment Manager

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Realm Investment Management Pty Ltd is a wholly owned subsidiary of Realm Pty Limited.

Realm is an asset management firm that has been established by an experienced team of professionals with tested investment beliefs, processes and extensive networks. Realm is passionate and committed to understanding markets and using the information to deliver a quality outcome for clients.

The Investment Manager believes that the general inaccessibility of bond markets, coupled with a lack of transparency for investors at a retail level, highlights the need for an insightful, professional and experienced manager in this asset class. The Investment Manager offers its investors, through the Fund, the ability to gain access to its team providing portfolio construction, asset selection and ongoing portfolio management.

### The Custodian

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As at the date of this PDS, the Responsible Entity has appointed State Street Australia Limited ABN 21 002 965 200 (**State Street**) as the independent custodian to hold the assets of each class of units in the Fund. State Street's role as custodian is limited to holding the assets of the Fund as the agent of the Responsible Entity. State Street has no supervisory role in relation to the operation of the Fund and is not responsible for protecting your interests. State Street holds investments of the Fund as bare trustee and such investments are not investments of State Street or any other member of the State Street group of companies. More details on State Street's appointment are included in Section 7.2.

### The Fund Administrator

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As at the date of this PDS, the Responsible Entity has appointed State Street as the independent fund administrator to, amongst other things, calculate the Net Asset Value in respect of each class of units in the Fund and maintain financial books and records so far as may be necessary to give a complete record of all transactions carried out by State Street on behalf of the Fund. State Street has no supervisory role in relation to the operation of the Fund and is not responsible for protecting your interests. More details on State Street's appointment are included in Section 7.2.

### Changes to service providers

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The Responsible Entity may change any of the service providers to the Fund without the consent of or notice to unitholder.

## 2.3 Investment objectives

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The Fund will primarily invest in securities, secured loans, trusts, notes and bank facilities originated or issued by Banks, Building Societies & Credit Unions (ADI), Corporations and Non-Bank Financial Institutions. The Investment Manager seeks to produce a return (net of fees) in respect of the Class that exceeds the total return of the RBA Overnight Cash Rate by 4.75% per annum.

## 2.4 Investment strategy and guideline summary

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The Investment Manager’s approach embraces the philosophy that best practice management combines a complete top down assessment of key macro and regulatory drivers supported by a bottom up process which provides a ground level market view of issuers and their markets.

The Investment Manager will cause the Fund to acquire, via a variety of assets, exposure to corporates, banks and non-bank financial issuers who have demonstrated strong financial performance and underwriting as assessed by Realm’s proprietary distance-to-default methodology, and derivatives. The Class will seek to deliver its objective through asset selection. The Class will seek to target the liquidity premium within various markets that have been adversely impacted by regulation, and other idiosyncratic factors.

Investors will be exposed primarily (whether directly or indirectly) to securities, secured loans, trusts, notes and bank facilities originated or issued by:

- Banks, Building Societies & Credit Unions (ADI);
- Corporations; and
- Non-Bank financial Institutions,

representing the following asset classes:

- Deposits, short term securities & cash trusts;
- Corporate loans;
- Residential mortgages;
- Asset-backed receivables; and
- Repurchase liquidity facilities (“repos”).

The Investment Manager uses derivatives including swaps and futures as a risk management tool and also to achieve the investment objectives of the Fund.

The most commonly used derivatives are government bond futures to manage interest rate risk and currency swaps to manage foreign exchange risk. The Investment Manager may also use swaps to manage credit risk including by creating the economic effect of covered short sales. Derivatives can also be used to gain exposure to a particular market as an alternative to purchasing physical assets. The Investment Manager only does this when the use of derivatives offers a more cost effective way of gaining exposure to the market than purchasing the physical asset.

The Investment Manager may use liquidity facilities that allow assets that are classified as “eligible securities” to be swapped with the RBA or major Australian and international trading banks in exchange for cash, subject to these banks accepting these assets as part of their own repurchase operations.

Derivatives are not utilised to create overall portfolio exposures whose general characteristics could not be obtained from an unlevered investment in allowable physical bonds.

There may be periods when part or all of the Fund’s assets are invested in another global or domestic managed fund or similar investment vehicle, where the Investment Manager believes this is appropriate economical, or otherwise in the best interests of investors, including to gain efficient access to certain market exposures. That investment vehicle may be managed by a related party of the Investment Manager. Where this occurs, the Investment Manager may rebate to the Fund any management fees drawn from within that Investment Vehicle attributable to the holdings in the investment vehicle.

## Valuation of assets

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The Class assets will primarily be valued using hold to maturity accounting. This is because the assets will generally not be tradeable. Where assets are tradeable, they will be valued on a mark to market basis (i.e. fair value). The NAV of the Class is expected to be calculated monthly and will be made available on the Fund's website. The Investment Manager will be providing regular portfolio commentary and performance reporting.

## 2.5 Investment guidelines and allocation policy

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### Investment guidelines

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The Investment Manager must adhere to specific investment guidelines and policies governing management of the Fund's assets. The guidelines are set out in the Investment Management Agreement under which the Investment Manager is appointed by the Responsible Entity as the investment manager of the Fund. The guidelines may be amended from time to time by agreement between the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager.

The Investment Management Agreement sets out and refers to procedures for monitoring and supervising the Investment Manager's compliance with the investment guidelines.

### Allocation policy

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The Investment Manager is also the manager of other client accounts and schemes/trusts and applies the same investment process in managing each of these mandates as it intends to apply to the Fund. The investment guidelines and permitted investments for each mandate are tailored to meet the risk objectives, constraints and investment goals of that mandate. The Fund's investment guidelines are summarised in this section. In order to ensure neither the Fund nor any of the Investment Manager's mandates are disadvantaged, the Investment Manager has an allocation policy designed to allocate trades on a fair and equitable basis across the Investment Manager's other mandates and the Fund's portfolio.

## 2.6 Reports to investors, Unit prices and performance

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The Investment Manager will report monthly including on the performance of the Class.

Information on the Fund and each Class is available from your financial adviser or from the Fund's website. Prospective investors are reminded that past performance is not a guide to future performance. More details on reports to investors are set out in Section 7.1.

## 2.7 Labour standards or environmental, social or ethical considerations

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As part of the investment process the Realm investment team considers Environmental, Social and Governance (**ESG**) issues where they add value to the Fund or Class assets. If improperly managed or identified, Realm considers that ESG considerations present a risk to investment returns.

No formal guidelines are used, nor is any formal weighting given to the ESG issues in portfolio construction. Rather a broad, implicit approach is taken when carrying out this subjective assessment.

The types of ESG issues that may be taken into account include:

- **Environmental:** weather, pollution and environmental disruption, sustainability and associated reputational and brand risks.
- **Social:** political stability, human rights issues, privacy and cyber-security, impact on local communities, health and safety and associated reputational and brand risks.
- **Governance:** board composition, risk management track-record, legal and compliance track-record, history of prosecutions, management remuneration, and distribution of equity and associated reputational and brand risks.

## 3 Risks

When you make an investment, you are taking a risk. Most investments comprise several risks. Some risks are general in nature in that they apply to any investment and other risks that are specific to investing in the Fund or the Class. Neither the Investment Manager or the Responsible Entity guarantee the performance of the Class or any level of capital return of capital from the investments in the Class, or that there will be no capital loss, or any particular tax consequences of investing.

The investment strategy of the Class specifically targets a portfolio of debt securities, loans, trusts, notes and bank facilities providing new capital for lenders to advance in respect of corporate, residential mortgage and asset-backed loans in these markets.

### 3.1 General risk factors common to all Investments

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These risks apply generally to any investment in the Fund.

#### Inflation risk

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This is the risk that the increase in the price of goods and services exceeds the rate at which your investment grows, thereby reducing the value of your investment in real terms.

#### Investment objective risk

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This is the risk that your investment objectives will not be met by your selection of investments. One measure of risk of an investment is the volatility of returns. As volatility increases, so too will the variability of investment returns. As such, it is important to consider the volatility of an investment as part of your investment decision.

#### Market risk

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This is the risk that the value of the assets referable to the Enduring Unit Class of units in the Fund may rise or fall in response to fluctuations in market prices to which the relevant class is exposed. The markets to which the Fund is exposed include but are not limited to, interest rates, currencies, equities, commodities, corporate and securitised bonds and notes and property.

Market risks occur for many reasons, including political, economic, sectoral, behavioural or investment-specific factors or events, such as domestic or global financial and credit conditions and market sentiment.

#### Climate change risk

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This is the risk that climate change will disrupt or change in an unanticipated way natural and human systems in a way that causes loss to the Fund.

## 3.2 Specific risk factors for the Class

The following risks are ascribed to the Class. Risks relevant to classes generally are described in Section 3.3 below.

**Counterparty risk** is the risk that a counterparty to a contract fails to meet its obligations to honour the contract. Counterparty risk arises in relation to transaction counterparties such as brokers, lenders, issuers, borrowers, counterparties to derivatives contracts and clearing exchanges. The investment management guidelines require the Investment Manager to transact with counterparties who meet a minimum standard of creditworthiness, which is reviewed periodically. The Responsible Entity has also appointed a custodian to hold the assets of the Fund. The Fund may be exposed to the custodian's insolvency or administration of the Fund's assets.

**Credit risk** is the risk that issuers of debt securities and other investments fail to make payments in accordance with their obligations. In addition, an issuer of a security may suffer an adverse change in its financial condition or credit rating of the security that could result in a lowering of the quality and value of the security leading to greater volatility, or loss of value in the security and give rise to other risks including liquidity and leverage risks, which result in loss of value and thus to the Fund.

**Currency risk** is the risk that fluctuations in exchange rates may cause the value of investments to decline. Investments are denominated in the currency of the investment, which may include AUD, NZD, USD and other currencies. Investments are hedged back to AUD except where the assets themselves are exposures to foreign currency investments.

**Interdependence risk** arises when an allocation to investment strategies is based on assumptions about observed historical relationships that may not persist into the future.

**Interest rate risk** is the risk that changes in interest rates may cause the investments of the Fund to change. For example, the value of fixed-income securities acquired by the Fund may decline when interest rates rise. The Investment Manager will not seek to utilise rates exposure as a source of outperformance; however, the Investment Manager may use derivatives to hedge the capital value of the Fund.

**Risks of trading derivatives.** The value of derivative instruments is linked to the value of an underlying asset (or an interest rate, share index or other reference point) and can be highly volatile. While derivatives offer the opportunity for higher gains for a smaller initial cash outlay, they can also result in significant losses, sometimes significantly in excess of the amount invested to purchase the derivative. Risks associated with using derivatives might include the value of the derivative failing to move in line with that of the underlying asset, potential illiquidity of the derivative, a fund not being able to meet payment obligations as they arise, and counterparty risk (where the counterparty to the derivative contract cannot meet its obligations under the derivatives contract). If market movements, investments into or withdrawals from the Fund, or changes in the nature of an investment, result in the Fund being geared through derivatives, this will be addressed by the Investment Manager or us as soon as reasonably practicable. Where the Fund uses derivatives, we aim to ensure that there are sufficient liquid assets available in the Fund to meet costs and other liabilities under derivatives (that is, while a derivative may turn out to be loss making, we aim to keep sufficient liquid assets in the Fund to meet such losses).

**Liquidity risk** is the risk of not being able to withdraw an investment at an opportune time. Liquidity risk exists because the assets acquired by the Fund may be illiquid or cannot be disposed or unwound quickly at appropriate prices and converted back into cash or for the Enduring Units. You may be in a line waiting to withdraw. In addition, some assets of the Fund may not be traded due to their terms of issue. These circumstances could prevent the Fund from liquidating unfavourable positions promptly and could subject the Fund to losses. In addition, the assets referable to the Class are illiquid and withdrawal may only be made in response to Limited Withdrawal Offers, which are expected to be made monthly. See Section 4.3. Units are not tradeable on any secondary market or exchange and the Responsible Entity does not intend to list the Units on any exchange. The Responsible Entity has not agreed to purchase or otherwise acquire any Units or assume the responsibility for locating prospective purchasers for any Units.

**Margining risk** is the risk that positions in futures contracts and/or holdings in underlying funds must be liquidated to meet initial and/or variation margin requirements set by clearing houses and exchanges. This risk occurs when insufficient funds are held with a clearing firm to maintain an investment exposure.

**Strategy implementation risk** is the risk that actual returns are lower than the return of the Investment Manager's model portfolio because the Investment Manager has not implemented the trades and transactions exactly as planned. This may occur, for example, as a result of markets being closed; illiquidity; unavailability of investments; price changes occurring in the time it takes to roll from one derivative contract in a series to the next in the series; a trade or transaction being subsequently cancelled or disputed; or by reason of some other administrative error.

**Systemic risk** is the risk that a disruptive event causes a chain of events to disrupt or compromise the normal functions of a system. Systemic risk cannot be diversified and may be magnified by the reactions of the participants within the system to the event.

**Repo risk:** The Fund may enter into repurchase agreements with major Australian and international banks to access liquidity by swapping RBA-eligible securities for cash. If a counterparty bank defaults or fails, the fund may be unable to recover the securities or may face delays in recovery.

**Interposed entity risk:** The Fund may obtain exposure to investments indirectly through one or more interposed entities, including trusts, companies or other vehicles managed by the Investment Manager or third parties. Investing through interposed entities involves additional risks compared to direct investment, including reduced transparency and a more limited ability for the Fund to influence or control investment decisions, operations, liquidity management, asset realisation and the timing of distributions or capital returns. There may also be delays or limitations in the information available to the Fund resulting from the interposition of other entities.

Additional fees, costs and expenses may be incurred at the interposed entity level, which may not be fully transparent or recoverable and may reduce returns to Unit holders. The Fund is also reliant on the performance, governance and ongoing operation of interposed entities and their service providers. Any failure, default or insolvency of such entities or parties may adversely affect the value or liquidity of the Fund's investments.

Where interposed entities are established in foreign jurisdictions, the Fund may be subject to additional legal, regulatory and enforcement risks, including differences in regulatory regimes and investor protections. Differences in tax treatment, changes in tax laws or interpretations, or the tax position of an interposed entity may result in adverse or unexpected tax outcomes for the Fund and its investors.

## 3.3 Other risks

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### Fund risk

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Investing in a managed fund is not like investing directly in assets. A managed fund takes into consideration all applications and withdrawals made by all unitholders, which can result in different income or capital gains outcomes when compared with investing directly. Therefore, income from the Fund referable to the Class may be different to that received from investing directly in the Class assets.

### Investment manager and key person risk

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The Fund's success depends on the skill and acumen of the Investment Manager. The performance of the Units in the Fund could be adversely affected if the Investment Manager, or its key personnel, were to cease to be involved in the active management of the Fund.

### Dependence on management (dependence risk)

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In addition to its reliance on the Investment Manager, the Fund is also reliant upon the operational stability of the appointed parties to the Fund including the Responsible Entity, the Fund Administrator and Custodian.

A breakdown in administrative procedures or operational controls may cause a disruption of day-to-day Fund operations. Such interruptions may arise internally through human error or technology and infrastructure failure or possible external events such as natural disasters or regulatory changes. Whilst each party has procedures in place for such occurrences and manages administration risk by monitoring these procedures, dependence risk cannot be mitigated entirely.

The Investment Manager has agreed to meet certain expenses of the Fund from its own resources, as explained in Section 5.4. Nevertheless, should the Investment Manager fail to do so for any reason, those expenses must be met from the assets of the Fund.

### Changes in applicable laws

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The Responsible Entity and other parties involved in the operation of the Fund must comply with various legal requirements. Should any of those laws change over the term of the Fund, the legal requirements to which the Fund and its stakeholders, including the unitholders of the Fund, may become subject to laws that may differ materially from current requirements.

## Tax risk

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The taxation implications for domestic and international investors in the Fund are determined by Australian tax legislation and tax laws of other places, and regulations in force from time to time. These may be altered which may materially and negatively impact the returns on this investment. Investors should carefully read the Taxation Section in this PDS. It is recommended that an investor seek advice from a tax adviser before making an investment in the Fund.

## 3.4 Managing risks

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Exposure to investment risk is a necessary part of investing with the objective to deliver a return higher than cash.

It is the Investment Manager's intention to only expose the Fund to investment risks that are expected to maximise the risk-adjusted return of the Units. The Investment Manager adheres to an investment policy which sets out a rigorous investment selection process to manage these risks.

### Ways you can manage investment risk

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- Ask questions about your investment frequently.
- Seek professional financial advice to understand your financial position and particular needs and define and set your investment objectives. This PDS does not replace the need for financial advice.
- Ensure your financial adviser explains to you key investment terms and key investment concepts to assist you to make an informed decision.

## 4 How to invest and your investment in the Fund

This PDS contains detailed information about your investment in the Fund and you should review the PDS in its entirety before making a decision to apply for Units in the Class.

### 4.1 How to invest and applications

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#### Minimum investment

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The minimum initial investment for direct investors into the Enduring Unit Class is \$5,000. Thereafter, further investments may be made by completing the additional Application Form and are subject to a minimum of \$1,000.

The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts may not apply if you choose to invest through a master trust, wrap account or other administration platform. As an Indirect Investor, you will be subject to the rules of the master trust, wrap account or other platform. Please refer to the further information in Section 4.2.

The Responsible Entity may in consultation with the Investment Manager decrease any of these limits at any time and may waive the requirement generally or on a case by case basis. If the Responsible Entity wishes to increase these limits then it may do so by giving not less than 30 days' notice on the website at [www.oneinvestment.com.au](http://www.oneinvestment.com.au).

#### Investment term

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There is no limit on the term you may invest in Enduring Units for. Once invested in Enduring Units, you remain a Unit holder of Enduring Units until you elect to withdraw your investment, via a Limited Withdrawal Offer.

In limited circumstances, the Responsible Entity may compulsorily redeem your Units.

#### How to invest

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You can apply for Enduring Units by completing the Application Form.

If you would like to add to your investment you will need to complete an additional Application Form and submit this to the Fund's administrator.

The Unit Price will be calculated as per the Constitution and Section 4.5 of the PDS. The value of Enduring Units will move in line with the value of the assets and liabilities referable to the Enduring Unit Class.

Generally, if a valid Application Form is received by the Fund's administrator before 2.00pm Sydney time (referred to as the transaction cut-off time) on a Unit Pricing Date, it will usually be processed using the Unit Price determined as at that Unit Pricing Date.

The cut-off time for applications is 2:00pm Sydney time on the last Business Day of the month for receipt of that month's Unit Price. If an application will be paid for by way of the Direct Debit facility, if available, the application should be submitted no less than 3 Business Days prior to the last Business Day of the month to ensure funds are cleared before the transaction cut-off time.

We reserve the right to accept applications after this date.

If your valid Application Form and/or application moneys are received after the transaction cut-off time, it will usually be processed using the applicable Unit Price calculated as at the next Unit Pricing Date.

In this circumstance, unless otherwise instructed by you, any funds received will be held in the Applications Accounts to be applied at the next Unit Pricing Date.

We will provide notice if the Unit Pricing Date changes.

Applications may be invalid for various reasons (e.g. not signing the appropriate form, not providing the correct application monies or not including all required information on the form). You will not be issued Units unless we have received your application money in cleared funds before the transaction cut-off time and we have completed our client identification procedures under the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006 (Cth) (AML/CTF Law) and any Tax Compliance Reporting requirements described in Section 6.3.

If an application for Units is accepted, Units will generally be issued within 14 days following the availability of the Unit Price applicable to the application.

The Fund is entitled to receive and will keep any interest paid in respect of monies held from time to time in the trust accounts established for contributions, distributions and withdrawals. Interest generated by the Fund on application money will form part of the Fund assets referable to the Class.

## 4.2 Cooling off

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Cooling off rights do not apply in certain circumstances, including:

- while the Fund is a non-liquid scheme;
- distribution reinvestment or other additional investments;
- where the investment is made through an IDPS or IDPS-like scheme; and
- If you invest more than \$500,000 in the Fund or are otherwise a 'wholesale' investor (as defined in the Corporations Act).

A scheme/class is only liquid if liquid assets account for 80% or more of the value of the scheme property. Assets are liquid if the responsible entity reasonably expects them to be able to be realised for market value within the time provided in the Constitution for satisfying withdrawal requests while the scheme is liquid which, in the case of the Fund, is 66 days. The Investment Manager has advised the Responsible Entity that the Enduring Unit Class assets will generally be non-liquid assets and accordingly investors will not have any cooling-off rights.

If cooling-off applies (which it is not expected to) you have a 14 day cooling off period in which to decide if the investment in the Fund is right for you. The 14 day period commences on the earlier of the date you receive your initial investment transaction advice or the end of the fifth business day after the day on which your Units are issued to you.

The amount of your refund will be based on the application price calculated on the business day following receipt of your request, less any non-refundable tax or duty paid or payable and any reasonable administration or transaction costs. Accordingly, depending upon the circumstances, the amount refunded may be greater or less than the amount initially invested.

## 4.3 Withdrawals and compulsory redemption

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You can request to withdraw all or part of your holdings during a Limited Withdrawal Offer by submitting a withdrawal request to the Fund's administrator.

### Limited Withdrawal Offers

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Regular Limited Withdrawal Offers are intended to be made every month. However this cannot be guaranteed and is subject to the Fund having available liquid assets. The amount made available under each Limited Withdrawal Offer will be notified to Investors at the time an offer is made. Provided the Fund has sufficient available liquid assets to do so, the Responsible Entity will aim to satisfy accepted withdrawal requests made in response to a Limited Withdrawal Offer within 5 days after the closing Unit Price is available, but no more than 21 days after the closing date of the Limited Withdrawal Offer.

The Responsible Entity has discretion to delay or suspend redemptions, or to scale back withdrawal requests on a proportionate basis, including in the event that demand for redemptions pursuant to any Limited Withdrawal Offer exceeds the amount of the Limited Withdrawal Offer. The Responsible Entity may also scale back withdrawal requests on a proportionate basis if there are not sufficient liquid assets available to the Class to fund the amount of the Limited Withdrawal Offer.

Any requests for withdrawal in response to a Limited Withdrawal Offer that are not wholly satisfied due to a scale back will be treated as requests for withdrawal in the next Limited Withdrawal Offer and processed under the terms of that Offer unless the Investor cancels the request prior to the close of that Offer.

Investors can cancel the carry over of unsatisfied withdrawal requests by notifying the Responsible Entity or the fund administrator at [realm@boardroomlimited.com.au](mailto:realm@boardroomlimited.com.au) of the cancellation at any time prior to the closing date of the next Limited Withdrawal Offer. Information on this will be included in notifications of Limited Withdrawal Offers.

The Responsible Entity has the discretion to increase the amount made available under a Limited Withdrawal Offer if it becomes apparent that the Fund has additional liquid assets available to fund the withdrawals. The Responsible Entity may determine that other terms and conditions will apply to Limited Withdrawal Offers from time to time. These terms and conditions will be communicated to Investors at the time of the Limited Withdrawal Offer.

Limited Withdrawal Offers may be advised to Investors by any means as determined by the Responsible Entity, including by publishing the Limited Withdrawal Offer on the Fund website <https://www.realminvestments.com.au/realm-strategic-income-fund-enduring-units/> or including information in the Fund's monthly update. Limited Withdrawal Offer payments will be made at the prevailing Unit Price. Refer to Section 4.5.

## Compulsory redemption

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Subject to the Corporations Act and the Constitution, the Responsible Entity may compulsorily redeem the Units of a unitholder where the continued holding of the Units by the unitholder would, in the opinion of the Responsible Entity, be contrary to law or to the disadvantage of the Fund, to unitholders as a whole or to the unitholders holding the relevant Class as a whole. The Responsible Entity will notify any unitholder affected by the exercise of this power.

## 4.4 Transfers

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You may transfer your Units to another person. Units are not listed on a stock exchange or any other platform for connecting buyers and sellers and neither the Investment Manager or the Responsible Entity has an obligation to find a purchaser for your Units or otherwise assist you to sell them. You must provide the Fund Administrator with:

- a standard transfer form signed and completed by both the party transferring the Units and the prospective unit transferee; and
- an investment application form completed by the prospective unit transferee along with any required supporting identification documents.

Units will not be transferred until such time as we are satisfied, we have all documentation we require and we are satisfied all investor identification procedures that we consider necessary under AML/CTF Act have been completed.

You should note that the Fund's constitution provides us with the discretion to decline to register the transfer of any Units in our absolute discretion.

A transfer of Units involves a disposal of Units, which may have tax implications for you. You should obtain your own legal and tax advice before requesting any transfer.

The Responsible Entity may reject a transfer in its absolute discretion.

## 4.5 Unit prices

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The Unit price is the price at which Units in the Fund are issued and redeemed (and before the application of the buy or sell spread (as applicable)).

As the market value of the assets invested in by the Class rises and falls, so does the Unit price. Unit prices are determined in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and are calculated on the last calendar day of the month. We have a Unit Pricing Discretions Policy which sets out how we will exercise any discretion in relation to the Unit pricing and a copy (and records of any departures from the policy) is available to investors from us on request.

The Unit price will be determined by dividing the net asset value of the Fund (which is properly referable to the class of Units for which the Unit price is being calculated) by the number of Units on issue in that class. Therefore, the Unit price will vary as the value of the Fund's assets varies and will vary across different classes of Units.

The net asset value of the Fund is the value of the Fund's assets less the liabilities of the Fund at the time it is calculated.

The application price of a class of Units will be the Unit price for that class plus the buy spread referable to that class of Units, while the withdrawal price of a class of Units will be the Unit price for that class minus the sell spread referable to that class of Units. The buy/sell spread is explained in Section 5.3.

Unit Prices will be rounded to 4 decimal places and Units in the Class will be issued with fractions of Units to 4 decimal places.

We will aim to post the Unit price usually within 2 Business Days of the respective price being approved on the Investment Manager's website, [www.realminvestments.com.au](http://www.realminvestments.com.au).

## 4.6 Distributions

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### When are distributions paid?

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A Unit entitles you to participate in any income generated from the assets of the relevant Class. The Responsible Entity expects to make distributions on a monthly basis. Subject to the Constitution, distributions (if any) will generally be paid within 14 Business Days after the end of each month and generally within two months after 30 June.

The amount of each distribution will be determined by the Investment Manager based on the NAV as at the most recent Unit Pricing Date prior to the end of the month.

Distributions are expected but not guaranteed and may not be payable for a number of reasons, such as the fixed income markets experiencing heightened volatility and losses being incurred by the Fund.

During the financial year, we will determine the income (if any) for the month to be distributed to the Unit holders, which will be based on an estimate of the distributable income for the whole of the financial year. The final distribution for the financial year (i.e. the distribution made within two months after 30 June) will include the amount by which the distributable income (if any) for the financial year exceeds the aggregate of distributions to Unit holders previously made during the financial year.

In the event the total amount distributed during a financial year exceeds the actual income of the Class for that financial year, the excess amount paid to you will be classified as a capital distribution.

### How are distributions paid?

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We will directly credit distributions to your nominated bank account specified in the Application Form. Distributions will not be paid by cheque.

## Reinvestment of distributions

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Unit holders have the option to reinvest the income and capital distributions. You can make this election on the Application Form. If no election is made on the Application Form your distributions will be automatically re-invested in Enduring Units held in the same Investor Account as the Enduring Units on which the distribution was paid. No buy-sell spread applies to Units issued to you as a result of reinvestment of your income entitlement. Investors should be aware that there may be tax implications associated with the reinvestment of your income entitlement. Investors should obtain professional tax advice on this issue before investing in the Fund and make their own arrangements for any tax liabilities that arise. If you wish to change your election after submitting the Application Form, an election form can be obtained by contacting the Unit Registry.

## 4.7 Investing through an IDPS

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The Responsible Entity has authorised the use of the PDS as disclosure to investors and prospective investors of an IDPS or IDPS-like scheme (known commonly as a master trust or wrap account).

These investors are referred to as Indirect Investors. Indirect Investors in the Fund do not themselves become unitholders in the Fund, and accordingly have no rights as a unitholder. The offer document for your IDPS or IDPS-like scheme should have further details.

If you are an Indirect Investor, generally the IDPS or IDPS-like scheme operator acquires the rights of a unitholder. Your rights and liabilities will be governed by the terms of the relevant IDPS or IDPS-like scheme disclosure document, which you should read carefully prior to directing the relevant operator to invest in the Fund.

Indirect Investors complete application forms for the IDPS or IDPS-like scheme, not the Fund, and receive reports from their IDPS or IDPS-like scheme operator. Enquiries should be directed to that IDPS or IDPS-like scheme operator or your financial adviser.

Minimum investment and withdrawal requirements stated in this PDS may not always be relevant to Indirect Investors because the IDPS or IDPS-like scheme operator may invest on behalf of a number of Indirect Investors. Also, the tax information in this PDS does not specifically cater for Indirect Investors.

## 5 Fees and other costs

### DID YOU KNOW?

**Small differences in both investment performance and fees and costs can have a substantial impact on your long term returns. For example, total annual fees and costs of 2% of your investment balance rather than 1% could reduce your final return by up to 20% over a 30 year period (for example, reduce it from \$100,000 to \$80,000). You should consider whether features such as superior investment performance or the provision of better member services justify higher fees and costs. You may be able to negotiate to pay lower contribution fees and management costs where applicable. Ask the fund or your financial adviser.**

### TO FIND OUT MORE

If you would like to find out more, or see the impact of the fees based on your own circumstances, the **Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC)** website ([www.moneysmart.gov.au](http://www.moneysmart.gov.au)) has a managed funds fee calculator to help you check out different fee options.

This section shows fees and other costs that you may be charged. These fees and costs may be deducted from your money, from the returns on your investment or from the assets of the Class or the Fund as a whole. All amounts are shown inclusive of GST less any reduced input tax credits and rounded to two decimal places.

If you are investing in the Fund via an IDPS or IDPS-like scheme, you will need to consider the fees and other costs of the IDPS or IDPS-like scheme when calculating the total cost of your investment.

Information on tax consequences for investors is set out in Section 6 of this PDS.

You should read all the information about fees and costs because it is important to understand their impact on your investment.

### 5.1 Fees and costs table

Type of fee or cost	Amount	How and when paid
<b>ONGOING ANNUAL FEES AND COSTS</b>		
<b>Management fees and costs</b> The fees and costs for managing your investment	0.99% pa for management fees plus expenses estimated at no more than 0.10% pa plus interposed costs estimated at no more than 0.01% pa.	Management fees are calculated daily on GAV and paid monthly in arrears from the Fund.
<b>Performance fees</b> Amounts deducted from your investment in relation to the performance of the product	Not applicable	Not applicable
<b>Transaction costs</b> The costs incurred by the scheme when buying or selling assets	Nil	Transaction costs are variable and deducted from the Fund as they are incurred and reflected in the unit price. They are disclosed net of amounts recovered by the buy-sell spread. This figure includes interposed transaction costs.

Type of fee or cost	Amount	How and when paid
<b>MEMBER ACTIVITY RELATED FEES AND COSTS</b>		
Fees for services or when your money moves in or out of the scheme		
<b>Establishment fee</b> The fee to open your investment	Not applicable	Not applicable
<b>Contribution fee</b> The fee on each amount contributed to your investment	Not applicable	Not applicable
<b>Buy-sell spread</b> An amount deducted from your investment representing costs incurred in transactions by the scheme	0.20%/0.00%	These costs are an additional cost to the investor but are incorporated into the unit price and arise when investing application monies and funding withdrawals from the Fund and are not separately charged to the investor.
<b>Withdrawal fee</b> The fee on each amount you take out of your investment	Not applicable	Not applicable
<b>Exit fee</b> The fee to close your investment	Not applicable	Not applicable
<b>Switching fee</b> The fee for changing investment options	Not applicable	Not applicable

## 5.2 Examples of annual fees and costs for the Class

The following table gives an example of how the fees and costs relevant to the Class can affect your investment in the Units over a one year period. You should use these tables to compare this product with other managed investment products.

Example – Realm Strategic Income Fund – Enduring Units	Balance of \$50,000	
<b>Contribution fees</b>	Nil	For every additional \$5,000 you put in, you will be charged \$0
<b>Management fees and costs</b>	1.10% pa of the Gross Asset Value	For every \$50,000 you have in the product, you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$550 in administration fees and costs
<b>Plus</b> Performance fees	Nil	<b>And</b> , you will be charged or have deducted from your investment <b>\$0.00</b> in performance fees
<b>Plus</b> Transaction costs	Nil	<b>And</b> , you will be charged or have deducted from your investment <b>\$0.00</b> in transaction costs
<b>Equals</b> Cost of product		If your balance was \$50,000 at the beginning of the year, then for that year you will be charged fees and costs of <b>\$550.00</b>

This example is prepared on the same basis as the Fees and Costs Table above. It assumes no early withdrawal is made for an Enduring Unit Class investor.

Also, if you are investing through an IDPS or IDPS-like scheme there will possibly be additional fees and costs charged by the operator of that service. Please refer to the offer document of the operator of that service for the fees applicable to your investment.

## 5.3 Transactional costs

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These are costs associated with making the Fund's investments. They include:

- the buy/sell spread; and
- other transactional and operational costs.

The buy spread reflects our estimate of the transaction costs expected to be incurred in buying underlying financial products as a result of investments in the Fund. The buy spread is currently 0.20%. The purpose of the buy spread is to ensure those investors transacting in Units at a particular time bear the costs of buying the Fund's assets as a consequence of their transaction. The buy spread is an additional cost to investors but it is not a fee paid to us or the Investment Manager, but is instead retained as assets of the Fund.

The sell spread is currently Nil.

In this Fund, if a person invests \$1,000 and the buy spread is 0.20% then a buy spread of \$20 would apply, in effect as an additional cost to them. Transactional and operational costs are payable from the Fund and vary from year to year.

Transactional and operational costs include brokerage, any transaction costs charged by the Fund's investments, custodial transaction costs and costs associated with any hedging. Underlying transaction costs are also included. Many are in effect offset by the buy spread.

## 5.4 Additional explanation of fees and costs

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### Management costs

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The management costs are the fees and costs charged to manage and oversee the operation of the Fund. The management fee will accrue daily and is payable monthly in arrears out of the assets of the Fund. We will pay ourselves a fee and the costs of third parties providing services such as custody, fund administration and registry services to the Fund out of our management fee. We will also pay the Investment Manager an investment management fee payable monthly in arrears for providing investment management services to the Fund. We will be entitled to be reimbursed out of the assets of the Fund for Fund-related expenses, for example legal fees, taxation advice, audit fees and costs of members' meetings. It is anticipated that expense recoveries will amount to no more than 0.10% of the gross asset value of the Fund per annum.

Management Costs do not include Transactional Costs. Transactional Costs are amounts which an investor in a Fund would bear if they invested in the underlying Fund assets directly.

### Expenses allocation

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Where a fee, cost or other expense is incurred by the Fund as a whole and not directly in respect of any one Class, the Responsible Entity will allocate that liabilities or expenses to each Class in a manner that is reasonable and is consistent with the Constitution.

### Interposed Costs

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Interposed costs (often referred to as the costs of an interposed vehicle or underlying investment costs), are a form of indirect cost, being the fees and costs incurred by an investment entity that the Fund invests in, rather than those charged directly by the Fund's manager or the Responsible Entity. Interposed costs include management fees, performance fees and operational costs charged by the underlying investment vehicle. While not charged directly to investors, these costs are deducted at the level of the underlying investment vehicle and will reduce the return on your investment in the Fund.

### Waiver or deferral of fees

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The Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager may, in their discretion, accept lower fees and expenses than they are entitled to receive, or may defer payment of those fees and expenses for any time. If payment is deferred, then the fee will accrue until paid.

## Wholesale investors

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We may negotiate with 'wholesale clients' (as defined in the Corporations Act), on an individual basis, in relation to our fees or any rebates on our fees in circumstances permitted by the Corporations Act or applicable relief granted by ASIC.

In the event rebates are offered, they will be paid by us and therefore will not affect the fees paid by, or any distributions to, other investors.

## Maximum fees

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The Constitution allows the Responsible Entity to charge the following maximum fees:

- An ongoing responsible entity fee of 0.5% per annum of the gross value of the Fund's assets referable to the Enduring Units; and
- At any time the Responsible Entity performs self-custody, a fee of 0.5% per annum of the gross value of the Fund's assets.

The Responsible Entity has agreed, however to receive an ongoing responsible entity fee equivalent to the greater of:

- \$25,000 (excluding GST) per annum per class (with annual CPI increases); or
- 0.05% (excluding GST) per annum of the gross value of all assets of the funds' in existence as at the date of this PDS managed by the Investment Manager for the Responsible Entity up to \$600m and 0.04% (excluding GST) per annum of the gross value of these funds' assets which exceed \$600m. The fee accrues daily and is payable monthly in arrears (**RE Fees**) and will be paid by the Investment Manager as disclosed above.

The Responsible Entity may change the RE Fees without consent of the unitholders provided the RE Fees remain below the maximum fee. The Responsible Entity will provide at least 30 days' notice if it intends to increase the fees in those circumstances.

## Other costs that may be charged to you

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Any costs directly associated with transactions made on your Investor Account will be charged to you by deduction from your account if and when they occur (**Direct Costs**). These include but are not limited to government taxes, special request fees, bank transaction and dishonor fees and any other charges incurred as a result of you transacting on your Investor Account. The Direct Costs are not borne by the Responsible Entity or the Investment Manager.

Direct Costs do not include the costs of processing your subscription or withdrawal requests, maintaining your Investor Account on the register and regular reporting to you as a unitholder. These costs are management costs as shown in Section 5.1 and are met by the Investment Manager out of its own funds.

## Fees paid to a financial adviser or broker

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If you have a financial adviser or broker, then you may also have to pay other fees to your adviser. Details of adviser fees should be set out in the Statement of Advice given to you.

## GST

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Unless otherwise stated, all fees and charges are shown inclusive of Goods and Services Tax (**GST**) net of any available Reduced Input Tax Credits (**RITC**). The Management Costs are based on the GST rate (currently 10%) and available RITC however they may vary from time to time depending on a variety of factors including the Net Asset Value of the relevant class, the types of fees and costs paid and any changes to the GST rate and the RITC available.

## Change of fees and costs

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Fees and costs can change for a variety of reasons including changes in the economic, regulatory and competitive environment.

You will be given at least 30 days' written notice if, within the limits imposed by the Constitution, the fees payable by the Fund are to increase. The Responsible Entity reserves the right to waive or reduce any of the fees and expenses described in this PDS without prior notice.

## 6 Taxation

The comments made in this section are general in nature and only consider investors who are residents of Australia for income tax purposes and hold their Units on capital account.

It is recommended that investors consult their own taxation adviser about their own specific taxation circumstances, particularly investors that do not acquire their Units on capital account or who are non-residents of Australia.

The Responsible Entity and Investment Manager do not provide legal, tax or accounting advice. You should obtain independent tax advice based on your particular circumstances.

**Tax reform:** The Australian tax system is in a continuing state of reform. Any reform to the tax system creates a degree of uncertainty, whether it is uncertainty as to the full extent of announced reforms, or uncertainty as to the meaning of new law that is enacted pending interpretation through the judicial process.

Tax reforms may impact on the tax position of the Fund and the unitholders. The Responsible Entity will continue to monitor the impact of tax reforms on the Fund. In addition, unitholders should also closely monitor the progress of these reforms, and in this context, it is strongly recommended that investors seek their own professional advice, specific to their own circumstances, of the taxation implications of investing in the Fund throughout the ownership of their Units.

Please note that the Australian federal Budget was handed down by the Treasurer on 12 May 2026. In the Budget announcements, the Treasurer stated that, so far as relevant here, there would be future changes to both the treatment of certain capital gains and distributions from certain types of trusts. Despite these announcements, we understand that AMIT's will continue to flow through income, capital gains and franking credits direct to investors, without the proposed 30% trust withholding tax. As these announcements become law, the Responsible Entity will keep investors informed. It is suggested that investors should consider their specific tax position based on the Treasurer's Budget announcements on 12 May 2026. In addition that the following Tax section be read with the 12 May 2026 Budget announcements in mind.

### 6.1 Tax position of the Fund

Generally, no Australian income tax will be payable by the Fund because the Fund will distribute all net taxable income (including net capital gains) that the Fund derives.

If the Fund incurs a tax loss, it must be carried forward and may be applied against assessable income or capital gains, (depending on the type of tax loss), in future years subject to the Fund satisfying the statutory rules for the use of tax losses. However, tax losses incurred by a class cannot be offset against assessable income of another class.

The tax implications for an investor depend on the components of the distribution received.

### 6.2 Tax position of Australian resident investors

#### Taxation of the Fund

The Fund will be an Australian resident unit trust for Australian income tax purposes and the income of the Fund should 'flow through' to unitholders on the basis that unitholder's will be presently entitled to the income of the Fund each financial year. On this basis, and provided that investors have supplied their Australian Tax File number, the Fund should not pay any Australian income tax on behalf of its unitholders.

If the Fund incurs a tax loss, that tax loss cannot be passed on to unitholders for income tax purposes. However, any tax losses can be carried forward by the Fund and, subject to the Fund satisfying various requirements, can be offset against relevant assessable income or gains derived by the Fund in a later year.

As at the date of this PDS, the Responsible Entity has irrevocably elected to determine the Fund to be an Attributed Managed Investment Trust (**AMIT**) for the purposes of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 (Cth) (**ITAA**) for the current income year. The Responsible Entity has not made an election to apply the Capital Gains Tax (**CGT**) provisions pursuant to the ITAA for the taxation of gains and losses on disposal of certain investments.

No CGT election in respect of the AMIT regime has been made, however, the Responsible Entity will determine the appropriateness of the deemed CGT election for the Fund as and when the need arises.

You will be issued with an AMIT Member Annual (**AMMA**) statement after the end of each financial year, which will show the income attributed to you for that particular year. For tax purposes, you will be required to include the amounts of income attributed to you as disclosed on the AMMA statement in preparing for your annual tax return.

## The Taxation of Financial Arrangements (TOFA)

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The TOFA rules may apply to financial arrangements held by the Fund when calculating its assessable income. Broadly, the TOFA rules may impact the timing of the recognition of gains and losses in the Fund for tax purposes and will also treat relevant gains and losses as being on revenue account.

## Foreign income tax offsets

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Australian residents are required to include in their assessable income their share of certain foreign income and foreign taxes paid in respect of income derived by the Fund. Unitholders may be able to benefit from a foreign income tax offset in respect of foreign taxes paid by the Fund, provided they are paid in relation to an amount that is included in the investor's assessable income and do not exceed the higher of a particular investor's foreign income tax offset limit and \$1,000.

## Redeeming units

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Redemptions may be made by the Responsible Entity and redemption amounts are paid to unitholders (less any applicable fees and charges that we are entitled to recoup). Investors may be liable for capital gains tax in the event that the capital amounts paid to them upon redemption of their Units exceeds the cost base of those Units.

## Taxation of Australian resident investors

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The net taxable income distributed to unitholders who are Australian residents for income tax purposes may comprise various amounts, including Australian sourced and foreign sourced dividends, interest, capital gains, revenue gains, franking credits, Foreign Income Tax Offsets (**FITOs**) and tax deferred amounts. As the Fund has elected to apply the AMIT regime, the Fund will generally not be liable for Australian income tax as the income is attributed to investors on a fair and reasonable basis in accordance with the Fund's constitution. Investors will receive an AMMA statement after the end of each financial year, which will show the income attributed to the investor for that particular year.

The Fund may distribute FITOs attached to foreign income. These amounts are not cash receipts but will generally be included in the calculation of a unitholder's taxable income. Depending upon their particular circumstances, a unitholder may be able to offset these credits against their tax liability. Any FITOs that cannot be utilised in an income year are forfeited and cannot be carried forward.

Where the Fund makes a distribution which includes a net capital gain, unitholders may be required to gross up the net capital gain (that is, add back the capital gains tax discount amount, if any). Unitholders may then apply capital losses to reduce the grossed up capital gain.

The withdrawal or transfer of Units will generally constitute a disposal for capital gains tax purposes. Where the Units have been held for at least 12 months, any gain made on the disposal may be eligible for the applicable capital gains tax discount or indexation, as the case may be subject the 12 May 2026 federal Budget announcements relevant to capital gains.

Unitholders should obtain specific professional advice about the availability of any capital gains concessions available to them on any capital gain distributed to them based on their particular circumstances.

Tax deferred amounts can arise if the Fund makes certain payments to unitholders and some or all of the payments are not included in their assessable income. Although, the tax deferred amounts may not be subject to income tax, such amounts reduce the unitholder's cost base of their Units. This may increase the assessable capital gain or decrease the capital loss when unitholders ultimately dispose of their Units.

Distributions of capital gains tax concession amounts (the non-assessable component of a capital gain subject to the applicable capital gains tax concession available to the unitholder) should not cause any adjustment to the cost base of Units.

## Tax File Number (TFN) and Australian Business Numbers (ABN)

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It is not compulsory for unitholders to quote their TFN or claim an exemption, however if they do not, the Responsible Entity is required to deduct tax at the highest marginal rate for both Australian residents and foreign residents plus any applicable levies such as the Medicare Levy from any income payable to the unitholder. If a unitholder has an ABN and is making this investment in the course of a business carried on by the unitholder, they may wish to quote their ABN rather than their TFN.

## 6.3 Tax position of non-resident investors

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### Taxation of non-resident investors

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Distributions to non-residents investors may have tax withheld by the Responsible Entity. The rate of withholding will depend on the nature of the amount distributed, the address for payment, the unitholder's country of residence and whether the country has an effective exchange of information agreement with Australia. Non-resident unitholders may be entitled to a credit in their country of residence for the Australian tax withheld. Non-resident unitholders should seek specific tax advice in their home country.

Non-resident unitholders should generally not be subject to Australian tax on capital gains realised on the withdrawal or transfer of Units in the Fund unless the Fund is regarded as an entity that has substantial investments in what is described as 'Taxable Australian Real Property' and the Investor holds a non-portfolio interest (10% or more interest) in the Fund.

### Tax compliance reporting

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From time to time Australian entities may be required to report to governmental bodies on the tax compliance status of investors in their funds. You should be aware that, as a result of an investment in the Fund, the Responsible Entity may provide to the Australian Taxation Office or direct to other foreign tax regulators, information relating to your identity and your holding in the Fund to comply with its obligations under any foreign or domestic law or the provisions of a related treaty or intergovernmental agreement including for example FATCA and CRS described below.

### Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA)

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Under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (**FATCA**) and the intergovernmental agreement between Australia and the United States of America (**IGA**) the Fund is a 'foreign financial institution' and may be required to register with the IRS and obtain and verify information on all of its unitholders to determine unitholders' status under the FACTA rules (for example identifying 'Specified US Persons' non-US persons whose owners are Specified US Persons (US Owned Foreign Entities)).

The Responsible Entity is required to annually report information on its investors that are non-compliant with FATCA, Specified US Persons and US Owned Foreign Entities to the Commissioner of Taxation of the Australian Taxation Office (the Australian Commissioner) or to the IRS. The Australian Commissioner will exchange the information reported to it with the IRS annually on an automatic basis. No assurances can be provided that the Fund will be exempt from this 30% withholding tax.

Any unitholder that fails to produce the required information or is otherwise not compliant with FATCA may be subject to 30% withholding on all or a portion of any distribution made by the Fund.

## Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development Common Reporting Standards (CRS)

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Under the OECD Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information - Common Reporting Standard (**CRS**), the Responsible Entity may be required to collect additional detailed information from investors which may be reported to the Australian Taxation Office to be exchanged with the tax authorities of OECD jurisdictions that sign and implement the CRS in which those investors are tax resident. We are prohibited from processing an application until all of the information and supporting documentation to comply with the CRS requirements is provided to us if required to do so.

### 6.4 Goods and Services Tax (GST)

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Fees and expenses incurred by the Fund, such as Management Costs, will generally attract GST at the rate of 10%. Given the nature of the Fund's activities, the Fund will generally not be entitled to claim input tax credits for the full amount of the GST incurred. However, RITC should be available for the GST paid on the expenses incurred by the Fund. Where RITC are available, the prescribed rate is currently 55% or 75% depending on the nature of the fee or cost incurred.

No GST obligations arise for investors on the application, withdrawal or transfer of Units in the Fund. Distributions made by the Fund will also not be subject to GST.

## 7 Additional information

### 7.1 Keeping you informed and disclosing entities

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To keep you informed of your investment the following information will be provided:

- confirmation of every transaction you make;
- quarterly reporting;
- annual transaction reports – including your opening and closing balances, a summary of all transactions on your Investor Account, any increases in contributions and any return on investments during the reporting period;
- financial reports for the Fund which will be published on the website <https://www.oneinvestment.com.au/Realm-Strategic-Income> as soon as practicable after lodgement with ASIC;
- following the end of the tax year, a report to help you with your tax return; and
- notice of any material changes to this PDS and any other significant event.

Once the Fund has more than 100 investors it will be regarded as a disclosing entity under the Corporations Act. As a disclosing entity it will be subject to certain regular reporting and disclosure obligations. Copies of documents lodged with ASIC in relation to the Fund may be obtained from, or inspected at, an ASIC office.

Once the Fund becomes a disclosing entity, an investor in the Fund will have the right to obtain the following documents from the Responsible Entity free of charge:

- the half yearly financial report lodged with ASIC in respect of the Fund; and
- any continuous disclosure notices issued in respect of the Fund.

In accordance with ASIC policy, the Responsible Entity has elected to make all of the above documents, as well as any other information that needs to be provided to investors under ASIC policy, available on the website <https://www.oneinvestment.com.au/Realm-Strategic-Income> instead of lodging continuous disclosure notices with ASIC. Investors are encouraged to check this website regularly for such information. If this practice ceases, the Responsible Entity will notify the investors.

You must advise of any change to your personal details in writing. The Fund Administrator will in turn acknowledge any advised changes to your details in writing.

### 7.2 Fund administrator and custodian

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As at the date of this PDS, the Responsible Entity has appointed State Street Australia Limited ABN 21 002 965 200 (**State Street**) as the fund administrator and custodian. State Street has no liability or responsibility to you for any act done or omission made in accordance with the terms of its appointment. State Street makes no statement in the PDS and has not authorised or caused the issue of it. State Street has given (and not withdrawn) its consent to be named in the PDS.

State Street holds investments of the Fund as bare trustee and such investments are not investments of State Street or any other member of the State Street group of companies (**State Street Group**). Neither State Street, nor any other member of State Street Group, in any way stands behind the capital value, nor do they guarantee the performance of the investment or the underlying assets of the Fund, or provide a guarantee or assurance in respect of the obligations of the Responsible Entity or its related entities.

## 7.3 The operation of the Fund

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### The Constitution

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The operation of the Fund is governed under the laws of Australia and its Constitution which addresses matters such as unit pricing and withdrawals and applications; the issue and transfer of units or classes of units; unitholder meetings; unitholders' rights including unitholders' rights to income of the Fund; the Responsible Entity's powers to invest, borrow and generally manage the Fund and fee entitlement and right to be indemnified from the Fund's assets.

The Constitution states that your liability is limited to the amount you paid for your Units, but the courts are yet to conclusively determine the effectiveness of provisions of this kind.

The Responsible Entity may alter the Constitution if it reasonably considers the amendments will not adversely affect unitholders' rights. Otherwise the Responsible Entity must obtain unitholders' approval at a meeting of unitholders. The Responsible Entity may retire or be required to retire as Responsible Entity (if unitholders vote for its removal).

The Responsible Entity may exercise its right to terminate the Fund in accordance with the Constitution and the Corporations Act. This includes the right, exercisable in consultation with the Investment Manager to give not less than 30 days' notice of its intention to terminate the Fund. Unitholders have the right to require the termination of the Fund by passing an extraordinary resolution (that is, one that is passed by the unitholders holding not less than 50% of units in the Fund).

Your rights to requisition, attend and vote at meetings are mainly contained in the Corporations Act.

### The Compliance Plan

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A Compliance Plan has been prepared for the Fund to ensure compliance with the Corporations Act in relation to managed schemes and with the Constitution. The Compliance Plan is designed to document compliance risks and the monitoring process and to provide a basis for compliance adherence and auditing. A compliance committee with the required number of external compliance members has been appointed. The Compliance Plan has been lodged with ASIC and is independently audited.

## 7.4 Conflicts of interest

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The Responsible Entity, the Investment Manager and their associates may from time to time:

- represent or act for, or contract with, their affiliates and associates;
- invest in and deal in any capacity, with the same investments as that of the Fund, on similar or different terms;
- act in various capacities in relation to, or be otherwise involved in (such as by way of investment), other business activities that may be in competition with the interests of unitholders;
- recommend that investments be purchased or sold, on behalf of the Fund, regardless of whether at the same time it may buy, sell or recommend, in the same or in a contrary manner, the purchase or sale of identical investments in relation to itself or other clients;
- appoint any agents and use brokers, custodians and clearing houses and other persons, including related parties, for the purposes of it meeting its obligations and responsibilities in respect of the Fund; and/or
- receive and retain profits or benefits of any nature, in connection with the Fund,

and may do so without being liable to account to the Fund or investors. The Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager maintain their own robust conflicts of interest policy to ensure that any actual or potential conflicts are appropriately identified and managed and is designed to ensure that they are resolved in a manner so as to avoid any adverse impact on the Fund.

## 7.5 Complaints resolution

The Responsible Entity takes complaints seriously and aims to resolve all complaints as quickly as possible. In the first instance, if you have a complaint, then you should notify the Responsible Entity immediately using the following contact details:

Address: Level 16, Governor Macquarie Tower  
1 Farrer Place, Sydney NSW 2000

Phone: 02 8277 0000

Post: Complaints Officer  
PO Box R1471  
Royal Exchange NSW 1225

Email: [complaints@oneasset.com.au](mailto:complaints@oneasset.com.au)

Once the Responsible Entity receives a complaint, the Responsible Entity will acknowledge it as soon as practicable and investigate the complaint with a view to resolving it and responding as soon as possible.

If you are a retail investor and you are not satisfied with the Responsible Entity's response, then you can refer your complaint to the Australian Financial Complaints Authority (**AFCA**), an external complaints handling body of which we are a member. The role of this body is to provide you a free and independent assessment of your complaint. The Australian Financial Complaints Authority can be contacted as follows:

Website: [www.afca.org.au](http://www.afca.org.au)

Email: [info@afca.org.au](mailto:info@afca.org.au)

Phone: 1800 931 678 (free call)

In writing to: Australian Financial Complaints Authority  
GPO Box 3,  
Melbourne Victoria 3001.

Time limits may apply to complain to AFCA and so you should act promptly or otherwise consult the AFCA website to find out if or when the time limit relevant to your circumstances expires.

AFCA is independent of us and the Investment Manager. AFCA does have some rules which may change from time to time, including that the claim involved must generally be under a certain financial amount – current details can be obtained from [www.afca.org.au](http://www.afca.org.au).

## 7.6 Privacy and the collection and disclosure of information

The Privacy Act 1998 (Cth) regulates, among other things, the collection, disclosure and access to personal information.

Certain laws require us to collect, store and disclose information about you (which may include your personal information) for example, The Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006 (**AML/CTF Law**), the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (**FATCA**) and the Tax Laws Amendment (Implementation of the Common Reporting Standard) Act 2016 (**CRS**). We may be required under the AML/CTF Law to provide information about you (including your personal information) to the Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre (**AUSTRAC**), the body responsible for regulating the AML/CTF Law. In respect of investors who are ordinarily resident in a country other than Australia, both FATCA and CRS may require us to collect and disclose to the Australian Taxation Office information obtained from you (including your personal information).

If you do not provide the information requested in our Application Form, we will not be able to process your application (including any application for additional Units) and your application may be delayed or rejected. Where applications are delayed or refused, we are not liable for any loss you suffer (including consequential loss) as a result. Alternatively, if we accept your application to the Fund when you have not provided all of the requested information, we may provide information about you to the relevant regulator.

We will be required to share information about you (including personal information) with service providers to the Responsible Entity in respect of the Fund (including the Investment Manager) to ensure you receive the appropriate information and assistance in respect of your holding in the Fund. The Investment Manager may use this information to make you aware of other offers of units in the Fund or other funds for which it acts as investment manager.

By applying to invest in the Fund, the applicant consents to your information (including your personal information) being used and disclosed by the Responsible Entity for the purposes permitted under the Privacy Act, unless you have instructed the Responsible Entity in writing to do otherwise.

If you do not provide the information requested, or provide us with incomplete or inaccurate information, your application may not be able to be processed efficiently, or at all.

You are entitled to access, correct and update all personal information which the Responsible Entity holds about you. This information held may be obtained by contacting the Responsible Entity. You should contact the Responsible Entity using its contact details in the Corporate Directory if you have concerns about the completeness or accuracy of the information we have about you or would like to access or amend your personal information held by the Responsible Entity (or its relevant service provider). Complaints are dealt with in accordance with our complaints resolution policy referred to in Section 7.5.

A copy of our current Privacy Policy is available on our website at [www.oneinvestment.com.au](http://www.oneinvestment.com.au) and a paper copy will be sent to you free of charge on request. Changes will be made to our Privacy Policy from time to time to reflect changes in the law, including the Privacy Act.

If you have any questions relating to the Responsible Entity's privacy policy or anything else found in this PDS, please contact the Responsible Entity by email, facsimile or telephone during normal business hours. The contact details are set out in the Corporate Directory.

## 8 Glossary

In addition to the definition given in the body of this PDS the following definitions apply.

<b>ADI</b>	An Australian deposit taking institution such as an Australian bank, building society or credit union.
<b>Additional application</b>	An application for Enduring Units to be held an existing Investor Account. See Section 4.
<b>AMIT</b>	Attribution Managed Investment Trusts.
<b>AML/CTF Law</b>	Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006 (Cth).
<b>Application form</b>	The Application Form relevant to this PDS.
<b>Asset Class</b>	A group of assets defined by convention with similar characteristics which trade on the same or related markets.
<b>Business day</b>	Any day (except any weekend or public holiday) on which trading banks are open for usual business in Sydney, Australia, excluding Saturday, Sunday or public holidays.
<b>CAR</b>	Corporate Authorised Representative.
<b>Constitution</b>	The constitution of the Fund.
<b>Class or Enduring Unit Class</b>	The class of units in the Fund designated as the Enduring Units and the related assets and liabilities. See Section 2.1.
<b>Compliance plan</b>	Compliance plan prepared for the Fund to ensure compliance with Corporations Act in all relevant aspects.
<b>Derivative</b>	<p>A security whose price is dependent upon or derived from one or more underlying assets.</p> <p>The derivative itself is merely a contract between two or more parties. Its value is determined by fluctuations in the underlying asset. The most common underlying assets include stocks, bonds, commodities, currencies, interest rates and market indexes. Futures contracts, forward contracts, options and swaps are the most common types of derivatives. Derivatives are generally used as an instrument to hedge risk, but can also be used for speculative or investment purposes. Derivatives can be traded with exchanges or by private treaty (over the counter).</p>
<b>Direct costs</b>	Has the meaning given to that term in Section 5.3.
<b>ESG</b>	Environmental, Social and Governance.
<b>Exit fee</b>	An amount paid or payable on the disposal of all interests held in the product.
<b>Fund</b>	The Realm Strategic Income Fund ARSN 624 861 589.
<b>Fund Administrator and Custodian</b>	State Street Australia Limited ABN 21 002 965 200.
<b>Fund's website</b>	<a href="https://www.realminvestments.com.au/realm-strategic-income-fund-enduring-units/">https://www.realminvestments.com.au/realm-strategic-income-fund-enduring-units/</a>
<b>IDPS</b>	Investor Directed Portfolio Service.
<b>Indirect investors</b>	Investors who invest through an IDPS or IDPS-like scheme (known commonly as a master trust or wrap account). See Section 4.2.

<b>Initial application</b>	An application for Enduring Units to be included in a new Investor Account. See Section 4.
<b>Investment Manager or Realm</b>	Ream Investment Management Pty Ltd ACN 158 876 807.
<b>Investment Management Agreement</b>	The Investment Management Agreement entered into between the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager on or about the date of this PDS.
<b>Investor account</b>	An account of an investor in which Enduring Units are held. See Section 4.
<b>Limited withdrawal offer</b>	The type of limited withdrawal offer described in Section 4.3.
<b>Management costs</b>	All Management Costs referable to the Class including fees payable to the Investment Manager under the Investment Management Agreement. Management Costs includes fees payable to the Responsible Entity and the normal expenses in relation to the Fund such as fees payable to the Fund Administrator and Custodian in respect of fund accounting, unit registry, custody, audit costs (financial and compliance), postage and preparation of tax returns.
<b>Management fee</b>	The total investment and administration related costs of operating the Class which equals 0.99% per annum inclusive of the net effect of GST. See Sections 1 and 5.4.
<b>Net Asset Value or NAV</b>	The value per Unit of the assets referable to the Class less liabilities referable to the Class.
<b>PDS</b>	This Product Disclosure Statement.
<b>RBA overnight cash rate</b>	The interest rate which banks pay or charge to borrow funds from or lend funds to other banks on an overnight unsecured basis as measured and reported on a daily basis by the Reserve Bank of Australia. The measure is also known as the inter-bank overnight cash rate.
<b>Responsible entity</b>	One Managed Investment Funds Limited ABN 47 117 400 987.
<b>Risk exposure</b>	A source of uncertainty that impacts on the value of a portfolio.
<b>RITC</b>	Reduced Input Tax Credits. The Fund may be entitled to RITC which is currently either 75% or 55% of any GST paid. This will effectively reduce the GST payable by the Fund. The rates are determined by legislation and may change.
<b>State Street</b>	State Street Australia Limited ABN 21 002 965 200.
<b>Transactional costs</b>	Has the meaning given to that term in Section 5.3.
<b>Unit or Enduring Unit</b>	An undivided interest in the Fund as provided in this document or, where the context requires, a unit in the Enduring Class of Units with an APIR Code OMF5868AU. See Section 2.1.

# Corporate directory

## Unit Registry

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Tel: +61 1300 377 760  
Email: [realm@boardroomlimited.com](mailto:realm@boardroomlimited.com)

## Fund Administrator and Custodian

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**State Street Australia Limited**  
Level 14, 420 George Street Sydney NSW 2000  
Web: [www.statestreet.com](http://www.statestreet.com)

## Responsible Entity

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**One Managed Investment Funds Limited**  
Level 16, Governor Macquarie Tower, 1 Farrer Place, Sydney NSW 2000  
PO Box R1471 Royal Exchange NSW 1225  
Tel: +61 (0) 2 8277 0000  
Fax: +61 (0) 2 8580 5700  
Web: [www.oneinvestment.com.au](http://www.oneinvestment.com.au)

## Investment Manager

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**Realm Investment Management Pty Ltd**  
Level 3, 30 Collins St, Melbourne VIC 3000  
Tel: +61 (0) 3 9112 1150  
Fax: +61 (0) 3 9008 7296  
Email: [clientservices@realminvestments.com.au](mailto:clientservices@realminvestments.com.au)  
Web: [www.realminvestments.com.au](http://www.realminvestments.com.au)

## Fund Auditor

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**BDO**  
Level 25, 252 Pitt Street Sydney NSW 2000  
Tel: +61 (0) 2 9251 4100  
Web: [www.bdo.com.au](http://www.bdo.com.au)

**REALM** | INVESTMENT  
HOUSE

**Investment Manager:**

Realm Investment Management Pty Ltd  
ACN 158 876 807 | CAR 424 705